



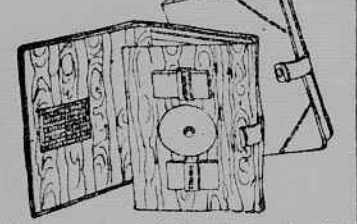
Everything Rising—Only the Rain Falls
It may be a long time before we return to pre-war prices.
It is not always easy to restore the "statu quo."

Even an efficient chemist cannot turn an omelette into eggs.



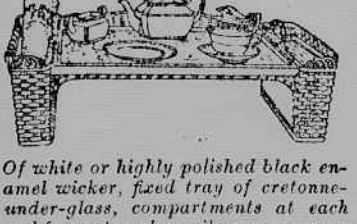
Key Case, Bottle Set
Leather key case, slate for index keys, 4, 6 or 12 keys \$1.75, \$2, \$2.75
Bottle set, 3 glass bottles, glass calfskin case, all colors, gold-tooled, velvet lining; 4 1/2 inches high at back, 3 1/2 inches at front, gilt catch..... \$9.00
Initials stamped, 25 cents extra.

Cross Writing Case



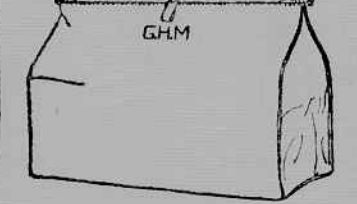
Shown open and closed, fitted with note paper, blotter-pad, leather pen-wiper, address and stamp books, perpetual calendar, stationery pockets, loop for fountain pen, glass calfskin case, all colors, gold-tooled, silk lining, 9 1/2 inches closed..... \$15.00
Initials stamped without charge.

Breakfast Tray and Set



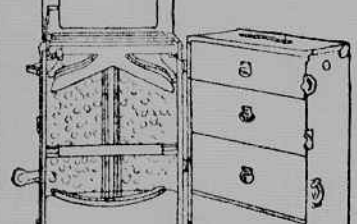
Of white or highly polished black enamel wicker, fixed tray of crettonne under-glass, compartments at each end for water-glass, silver, newspaper and mail; unfitted..... \$10.75
Individual breakfast set, as shown; white, allerton china, floral decorations; 6 pieces, extra..... \$7.00
Water glasses, from..... 25c

"Furlough" Kit Bag



Officers' Furlough Kit Bag, folding design, of hardy pliable hide, linen lining, when not in use folds flat and compact to one-half its size and 3-inch thickness; 18 and 20 inch..... \$32.50, \$34.50
Initials burned without charge.

Cross Wardrobe Trunk



For men and women, 2-ply veneer, floor covering and binding, hangers, drawers, laundry bag, spaces for shoes, hats etc., from..... \$33 to \$150
Initials painted without charge.

Mark Cross

The World's Greatest Leather Store
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404 Fifth Ave. 253 Broadway
(At 37th Street) (Opp. City Hall)
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Dealers Throughout the World

Wilson Ready To Define U.S. Aid to Russia

President Soon to Issue Statement on Plans for Intervention

Allies Now in Full Accord With Japan

Eastern Front Not To Be Re-established, Despite Military Aid

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Plans of the United States for participation in the expedition to give military aid to Russia are expected to be announced in a public statement by President Wilson very soon—probably before the end of the week.

The statement, it is understood, will be of a very explicit nature, making clear the means of the aid to be extended and that the United States has no unselfish motives and intends to stand firmly beside the Russian people in their fight for a democracy.

The sending of economic aid also will be announced in the President's statement, but not the personnel of the commission.

Plans for the military expedition to be conducted jointly by the United States and Japan, with Great Britain and France, it is understood do not at this time contemplate the reconstruction of the Eastern front as a battle line to draw German troops from the West.

Objects of Mission
The objects of the expedition, as they will be outlined in detail in President Wilson's statement, which he personally is preparing, will be to protect American interests, the interests of the Russian people themselves in the fight for democracy and for the safeguarding of vast supplies which will be sent to Russia as part of the programme of economic aid.

The President's statement will be the official announcement to the world of the decisions which have been reached in recent news dispatches from Tokyo and London. No official announcements have been made before, it is understood, because the United States has been awaiting official word from Tokyo of the acceptance of its proposals.

These are understood to differ somewhat from those advanced by Great Britain and France. There is understood to have been some divergence of opinion as to the extent to which the United States would be willing to accept the Russian situation should penetrate Siberia. The Japanese military authorities were insisted that no limitations should be placed upon their action.

The United States and the other Allied governments have gone to some lengths to make plain that they have every confidence in the good faith of Japan, and the announcement of acceptance of an agreement indicates that this point has been satisfactorily disposed of.

Japan to Act in Siberia

Reference in the Japanese newspapers to the immediate convocation of the Japanese Diet is understood by officials here fully to confirm the report that the Japanese government finally has decided to send a military expedition into Siberia. The expedition, in terms and conditions of the enterprise as yet unknown. The Diet is being called into session to approve the decision of the government in regard to the policy of a Siberian expedition, for in such case the Japanese Cabinet and the Emperor himself do not seek legislative approval, but for the purpose of securing appropriations of money for the expense of the campaign.

A report that Germany and Finland had come to definite conclusions reached the State Department today, but the information was not regarded as authentic. Officials doubt that Finland has agreed to stand by Germany, inasmuch as it has heretofore been very careful to avoid taking sides with either the Central or the Allied powers.

Germans and Finns Strong

The report said the Germans had 80,000 troops in Finland and hope to have 40,000 White Guards acting with them, giving them a total force of 120,000. The Germans are making strong efforts to gain control of the railroad south from Kola, at Kovero, which is being used by the Allied forces, which recently were reported moving south.

In some quarters it is thought that Japanese troops will be actually marching in Siberia before formal announcement is made of the enterprise.

It was disclosed today that the American government, operating through the Red Cross, has already landed some supplies and is shipping more to Vladivostok for the relief of the Russian population. This movement is the beginning of the great economic relief which is intended to save Russia from the fatal hardships which otherwise would be suffered by the masses of the people from a winter of famine.

U. S. May Send Munitions

It was intimated that in addition to foodstuffs, clothing, medicines, railway supplies, etc., it is possible that munitions of war will be shipped to Vladivostok from this country for the rehabilitation of the Russian army.

The United States has taken over, for the use of the Russian army, rifles manufactured in America for Russia, and over which this country had control through financial arrangements. But there are great quantities of rifles and other war supplies under Anglo-Russian contract over which the British government has control and which are immediately available for shipment to Russia.

Japanese Council Agrees to Joint Action in Siberia

LONDON, July 22.—The Japanese diplomatic council has agreed to the American proposal for joint intervention in Siberia, says a Central News despatch from Tokyo under date of July 17.

A proclamation will be issued assuring Russia that the Entente has no aggressive designs in intervening in Siberia, the despatch adds.

It is probable that a relief commission will accompany the joint expedition, it is stated.

A despatch to "The Times" from Tokyo dated July 17 quotes a report that the Soviet government is yielding and will accept the government's proposal regarding intervention. It is added that the government has forbidden the press to report movements of troops and other material information.

A meeting of the Army, Navy and Finance ministers was to have been held on July 18 to complete arrangements for financing and provisioning the Japanese forces.

A Peking despatch of July 17 to "The Times" says that the character of the contemplated Allied action at Vladivostok has caused lively satisfaction there. The Allies, it is believed in Peking, cannot do better for the moment than to aid the Czechoslovaks by occupying Vladivostok and securing their base. Thus supported, the Czechs can proceed against the Bolsheviks knowing that effective reinforcements will be available should the task prove different than anticipated.

General Horvath, recently proclaimed provisional ruler of Siberia, says a "Daily Mail" despatch from Harbin dated last Thursday, that he is ready to accept the Allied action in Peking, which disposes effectively of their fears. The ministers had telegraphed him asking him to withdraw his proclamation and to prevent the progress westward of the Czechoslovaks. The General now assures the ministers that, far from offering obstacles, he wishes to cooperate to an understanding with the Czechs.

British Press Condemns Czar's Death and Recalls His Tragic Weaknesses

LONDON, July 22.—Recurrent reports of his death and a general belief that probably the former Emperor would suffer a violent ending, eliminated the element of surprise in the killing of Nicholas Romanoff which, none the less, excites sympathetic references here and has caused strong denunciations of the perpetrators of the crime.

Nicholas never was a hero in this city, for he had always been regarded as weak and a poor specimen of a sovereign, but it is admitted that he had good intentions which by the tragedy of his weakness he was unable to realize.

The news of his death which in ordinary times would have filled the newspapers and called for a "big" type headline, is being treated with a certain reserve, with one or two exceptions, without editorial notice.

"The assassination of Nicholas," says "The Daily Telegraph," "was a cowardly crime which all the world will condemn—a vile abuse of power by men menaced by the rising consciousness of the Russian people, and whose fault was instability of mind and lack of moral resolution."

Recalling his inauguration of The Hague peace conference the paper says "The Daily Telegraph" "that the Russian Emperor made a greater advance toward the light in his reign than in that of any of the preceding ones. The Hague conference and the Duma and acquiescence of him of any worse fault than a pitiful weakness. It adds:

"He was a poor little Czar. His life and death alike were pitiful."

Japan Accepts U. S. Plan On Intervention, China Says

LONDON, July 22.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Tientsin, dated Saturday, says:

"The decision of the Allies caused politicians opposed to the Cabinet of Count Terauchi, the Japanese Premier, was obstructive. The Premier, in scenes during the meeting of the Diplomatic Commission, which adjourned after long sessions.

"The Cabinet, however, decided to comply with the American suggestion, which was responsible for accelerating intervention in Russia."

Polish Nationalists Win Despite Junkers

Election of Korfanty to Prussian Parliament Calls Forth New Oppressions

(Special Dispatch to The Tribune)
WASHINGTON, July 22.—Advices received from the Polish National Committee in Paris concerning the recent election to the Prussian Parliament of Deputy Korfanty by the District of Silesia say all the force of Prussian electoral machinery was devoted to the attempt to defeat Korfanty, who had attacked the imperial government and had openly preached and campaigned for a united and independent Poland.

Revolt and Mutiny By Slavs in Austria Break Out Afresh

Czecho-Slovaks and Jugoslavs Desert Army and Form "Green Guard"

650 Rebels Executed

Troops in Dalmatia and Bohemia Kill Officers and Flee to Mountains

LONDON, July 22.—Very serious revolts and mutinies have occurred in Bohemia and Hungary. At Manarossjet 150 officers and 500 Czecho-Slovaks who mutinied were shot and 3,000 more were arrested.

From a reliable source news has come to hand that serious mutinies have taken place in Dalmatia and Bohemia. Jugoslav soldiers have deserted by the wholesale and escaped to the mountains after killing their officers and officials. Armed bands, completely organized, are said to be operating in some districts.

Reuters, Limited, says it learns from a reliable Czech source that many Czecho-Slovaks and Jugoslavs are deserting from the Austrian army and forming armed bands in the interior, called "Green Guards."

A considerable number of Czecho-Slovak deserters have concentrated in the Beskid Mountains, in Eastern Moravia. They are well armed and are offering stubborn resistance to the gendarmes.

"Obviously," says the Reuters agency, "they receive support from the Czech population. The authorities already have issued a public order threatening punishment to all persons lending support to the movement."

Franco-Italians In Albania Push On, Capture 200

Drive Up Devoli Valley and Hurl Enemy Back on Both Sides River

LONDON, July 22.—The French and Italian forces in Albania have driven forward in the Devoli Valley, pushing the enemy back on both sides of the river and taking 200 prisoners.

The Italians in the river bend took 100 of the prisoners and captured seven machine guns, according to an announcement made by the War Office in Rome today.

A Paris official statement said: "EASTERN THEATRE, July 21.—There was reciprocal artillery activity on the lower Struma, west of the Vardar to Skradi Legen and in the Serbian sector. On the Struma a Greek reconnoitering party dispersed a Bulgarian detachment and brought back six prisoners. North of the Devoli our troops captured Austrian positions on the River Horta and took 100 prisoners, three of them officers, and six machine guns. Allied aviators carried out several bombardments in the regions of Seres and Pogradetz."

The Vienna War Office communication said:

"In Albania the enemy's attacks were renewed north of Berat and in the upper Devoli Valley three days ago. Excepting local fluctuations the ideas of the enemy have not advanced in the fighting that is in progress."

"Between the Semini bend and the sea reconnoitering detachments penetrated Italian positions at many points."

Ambulance to Women

The hide and leather trade yesterday presented an ambulance to the National League for Woman's Service, to be used in removing wounded and convalescents from returning transports to hospitals. This is the second ambulance given to the league for this service. The Yale Club gave the first one.

The Motor Corps of the League has adopted a standardized ambulance for the transport work, which is done in cooperation with Colonel J. M. Kennedy, of the Port of Embarkation.

Insurance Agents Exempt From "Work or Fight" Order

Life insurance agents are not included in the "work or fight" order recently issued by Provost Marshall General Crowder. This was made clear in a letter sent by General Crowder to Haley Piske, vice president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, yesterday.

General Crowder did not elaborate in any way his original order in his letter. He merely called attention to the fact that all persons affected by the "work or fight" ruling are specified in Section No. 121-K, Selective Service Regulations, and pointed out that life insurance agents were not included in that section.

British Get More Evidence Of Irish and German Plot

LONDON, July 22.—The Dublin correspondent of "The Daily News" says that a considerable quantity of what the government regards as useful and additional evidence of a German-Irish plot has just come to hand in the form of extracts from censored private correspondence between persons in Ireland and in America.

U. S. Lawmakers See Rome Congress Representatives Received by Ambassador Page

ROME, July 21 (Delayed).—Members of the American House of Representatives visiting Europe were received today by Ambassador Page and were entertained by Colonel H. C. Buckley, military attaché at the embassy. They will leave for the Italian front on Monday night.

The Congressional party includes J. N. Tillman, T. H. Caraway, C. C. Dowell, B. E. Sweet, J. A. Elston, W. M. Chandler, J. H. Thompson, G. M. Young, C. C. Brantmon, M. C. Kelly and D. H. Kinchele.

Lord Lansdowne To Raise Peace Question Again

Pronouncement Expected in Parliament When He Reviews Situation

By Arthur S. Draper
(Special Cable to The Tribune)
(Copyright, 1918, by The Tribune Association)

LONDON, July 22.—Lord Lansdowne, supported by several new peers, is about to make a new pronouncement in Parliament regarding the approach of peace. The marquis, whose letter to the "Daily Telegraph" last November created such a controversy, intends to review the political situation as he believes it exists today.

Next week in the House of Lords Lord Wimborne and Lord Londonderry are going to raise the question of Earl Curzon's right as leader of the House to dictate the course of the independent members, Lord Inchelepe intends to raise the question of war finance. It is understood that the Duke of Marlborough and Lord Calet and Emmett, new peers, are supporting Lord Wimborne.

To-morrow the Irish Nationalists will appear in the House of Commons for the first time in many weeks, and it is believed that there will be a debate Thursday on Irish affairs.

With Foch's great success, the Allied statesmen will wax strong while the enemy leaders grow defensive on the defensive. Victory makes politicians; adversity cripples them. The pan-Germans now will have a harder row to hoe.

It is premature to consider the political possibilities of the last four days' developments, for the German army still has the power not only to launch one or two powerful blows. The point to remember is that Ludendorff failed miserably at the moment of his greatest power and that all of his earlier brilliant successes have been neutralized by his present defeat. The whole German campaign has been disorganized in less than a week. The future has grown exceedingly bright.

Minute Men to Teach Aliens U. S. War Aims

Campaign Under Way to Reach Residents Here of Oppressed Lands

A campaign to reach the 8,000,000 representatives of "oppressed lands" who are now living in this country, and who, while technically enemy aliens, are the most patriotic citizens of the United States, was started Sunday night by the Four-Minute Men. It will be carried out in all cities of the country in order to make clear to these peoples the attitude of the United States toward the issues of the war.

The first address in the campaign was made by Edward Witkowski, president of the Polish Citizens' Committee, 180 Second Avenue, who spoke Sunday to 2,000 Poles in their native tongue.

Through the Four-Minute Men organization the government is desirous of explaining its motives for entering the war and the stand it will take toward the small countries struggling for freedom. The speakers will also interpret the meaning of the war after the manner of the Four-Minute Men.

Four nations have already made provision for the lecture campaign. Speakers are being furnished on behalf of the Poles by Mr. Witkowski, of the Jugo-Slavs; by Dr. Trivunowski, president of the Serbian National Defence League, 441 West Twenty-second Street; of the Czechoslovaks by A. B. Kukul, president of the Czechoslovak Information Bureau, and of the Rumanians by Mr. N. J. M. Kennedy, of Avram Iamoni, 261 West Thirty-seventh Street.

New Trial Denied Mooney; Fate Now Up to Governor

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—The California Supreme Court today affirmed its preliminary order denying a new trial to Thomas J. Mooney, who is in San Quentin penitentiary awaiting execution for participation in the preparedness day bomb explosion here two years ago.

Mooney's fate now is placed squarely up to Governor Stephens," said Attorney E. V. McKenzie, who appeared for Mooney. Appeals for executive clemency for Mooney are now pending before Governor Stephens.

Mooney was sentenced to be hanged August 23.

U. S. Seizure Breaks Hun Metal Trust

Palmer Takes Over 3 Firms Valued at \$15,000,000 That Ruled Trade

Americans Named As New Directors

Concerns, Financed by Foe, Said to Have Been Holding Copper for Germany

Through the seizure of three large German-owned metal concerns of this city, with assets aggregating more than \$15,000,000, A. Mitchell Palmer, Alien Property Custodian, announced yesterday that he had smashed for all time the German control of the metal industry in this country.

The firms taken over were L. Vogelstein & Co., Inc., 42 Broadway; Beer, Sondheimer & Co., Inc., 61 Broadway, and the enemy interest in Stallforth & Co.

The assets of the Vogelstein firm are upward of \$9,000,000. The Beer-Sondheimer company's property is valued at more than \$5,000,000, while the German interest in the Stallforth concern is estimated at \$1,000,000.

Beer, Sondheimer & Co. and L. Vogelstein & Co., Mr. Palmer said, were affiliated with the German Metal Gesellschaft, which for years has dominated the metal markets of the world. It controlled the market in this country to such an extent, he said, that it was enabled to sell copper, aluminum, zinc and other metals in Germany at a price far below that which the American consumer had to pay.

The Stallforth company, which dealt in silver bullion, was characterized by Mr. Palmer as another link in the German system of world-wide metal control. F. Stallforth, the principal stockholder in this firm, is now interned at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia, as a dangerous alien enemy.

Inquiry conducted by Francis P. Garvan, director of the bureau of investigation, has revealed that Beer, Sondheimer & Co. own a half interest in the National Zinc Company, the entire stock of the Cuba Copper Company, the Cuba Copper Leasing Company, the North American Smelting Company and 30,000 shares of the Minerals Separation American Syndicate, Ltd.

Interests Are Widespread
Vogelstein & Co., stated Mr. Palmer, were shown to have large holdings in the United States Metal Refining Company, the Kansas Zinc and Smelting Company. Of the 70,000 shares of capital stock of the American Metals Company, 15,180 shares were owned by the Minerals Separation Company, of Frankfurt, Germany, and 15,180 shares by the Metallgesellschaft, of the same place.

The American Metals Company, Mr. Palmer said, completely owns these companies: American Zinc and Chemical Company, Langloith Company, Langloith Mercantile Company, Langloith Mercantile Company, American Metal Transport Company, Bartlesville Zinc Company and South American Metal Company. It had large holdings of stock in the Ohio and Colorado Smelting and Refining Company, Nichols Copper Company and Balback Smelting and Refining Company, and Compania Minera de Potosi, Compania de Minas y Metales, Compania Metalurgica de Torreón, de Combustibles Aguilera, Compania Minera Paloma y Cadillitas and Fundacion de Guayacan, all of South America.

Sent Copper to Germany
From the evidence which Mr. Garvan unearthed it was disclosed that the Vogelstein and Beer-Sondheimer concerns played an important part in Germany's declaration of war and in the continuation of the war after she had gotten into it. It was apparent, said Mr. Palmer, that they supplied large amounts of copper and other metals to Germany until the time the United States entered the conflict.

To make these concerns 100 per cent American the Alien Property Custodian has appointed the following directors for the Vogelstein Company: Edward M. Melvain, former president of the Bethlehem Steel Company; Louis A. Watres, former Lieutenant Governor of Pennsylvania; James N. Wallace, president of the Central Trust Company, of New York; Alfred H. Smith, President of the New York Board of Aldermen, and C. C. Daniels, of this city. Paul L. Vogelstein and Ernest Hethorn also will act as directors.

Wallace, Melvain and Watres also will act as directors of the Beer, Sondheimer company, in conjunction with John P. Greer, of 15 Broadway, and B. B. Elkan and Otto Frohneke, who will act as the directors. Joseph E. Davies, former president of the Federal Trade Commission, and Isidor Kresel will act as counsel for the firm.

New Directors Appointed
The directors named for the American Metals Company are Henry Morgenthau, former Ambassador in Turkey; Andrew W. Melons, of Pittsburgh;

Cool Summer Drafts For The Draft-Exempt

THE "season's best seller" is the Manual of Arms.

Next to that come these Clothes Comforts for the draft-exempt, who court cool summer drafts.

Tropical Skeleton Suits (Coat and Trousers) from Stein-Bloch; silk sleeves; softest tailoring; spruce style; \$20, \$25, \$30.

Shantung Silk Suits; the value is transparent, though the fabric isn't; \$22.50.

Palm Beach Suits; it's the potter, not the clay, and it's the cut not the cloth that counts; \$12.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH'S SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

U-Boat Sunk by the Marne

Submarine Lost on Same Day Germans Are Driven Over River

LONDON, July 22.—The British destroyer Marne has sunk a German submarine, says an official statement issued today by the British Admiralty. The Admiralty statement follows:

"The same day that the German troops were driven back across the Marne by the Allied army, a German submarine was sunk by the British torpedo boat destroyer Marne."

Tries Day Raid Over Paris

German Thwarted in First Like Effort Since 1914

PARIS, July 22.—A German airplane made an unsuccessful attempt to reach the region of Paris today. It was driven off by the French anti-aircraft fire.

This was the first attempt to raid Paris by daylight since the German Taubes flew over the city in September, 1914.

The raiders apparently started out about 8 o'clock this morning. At that hour a German machine crossed the lines. It seemed to be making for the Paris region, but turned back when the barrage fire was opened. Further barrage firing was heard at 11 o'clock, and it was in this burst of shells from the French anti-aircraft pieces that the German attempt was finally frustrated.

New Women's Dean at Illinois

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., July 22.—Baby E. C. Mason, dean of women at the University of Indiana, today accepted the deanship of women at the University of Illinois. She succeeds Fanny Cook Gates, who became general secretary of the Y. W. C. A., New York City.

McGibbon & Co.
WILLOW FURNITURE—Genuine reductions of 20%
All remaining pieces—Comprising Settees, Chaise Longues, Arm and Side Chairs, Tables, Desks, Lamps and Book Cases—Natural, Stained or Enamelled finish.
IMPORTED PRINTS—Crettonnes, Linen and Chintz—excellent qualities and charming patterns at much less than usual prices.
REUPHOLSTERING of Furniture at Summer prices. Estimates cheerfully furnished.
LACE CURTAINS carefully cleaned at moderate prices—Stored free.
Oriental and Domestic Rugs and Carpets cleaned, repaired and stored.
3 West 37th St. Just off Fifth Ave.